

## WORLD RESOURCES COMPANY

	REC	CYCLABLE MA	ATERIAL PRO	OFILE	<b>EXHIBIT A</b>
A. Generator Information: Company I.D. Number: W2149A					
1. Generator: Alaskan Copper W		Vorks	4. Material EPA Waste Code:		F006
2. Address: P. O. Box 3546					
Seattle, WA 981		24-3546	5. Generator's EPA I.D. Number:		WAD980738546
3. Contact: Mr. Gerald Thomp		son 6. Generator's State I.		State I.D. Number:	
Title: Environmental As		sistant			
B. Recyclable Ma	terial Characterist	ics:			
1. Color(s): Brown		6. Texture similar to:	7. Appearance	9. Free Liquids	Present:
	,	X Wet Clay	X Homogeneous	(EPA SW 846, Method 9095)	X No Yes
2. Odor:		Dry Clay	<u> </u>	10. Reactivity	
X None Mild Strong		Sand	Bilayered	(ASTM D5058-90)	
Description of Odor:		Powder	Multilayered	<u>⊠</u> N	ot Reactive
-		Other		Reactive	
3. Moisture:		8. Organic Vapors	11. Radion		4. Y. Y. 1
X Wet Damp Dry		X Not Present Present		(ASTM D5928-96)	
Percent Solids: 23.20		If present, identify compounds and amount (ppm wet):		X Not Detected	Detected
4. pH 5. Ignitability (40 CFR §261.21)				12. Cyanide Gas	
Method 9040/9045)	X Pass			HCN:	
pH: <u>6.52</u>	Fail	X Pass	— Fail	X Not Detected  Detected	
C. Analytical Data		(Content on a dry weigh		Detected _	ppm
Constit		Content Contact Weigh	Constit	uent *	Content
1. Aluminum <sup>1</sup>	Al	7686 ppm	19. Magnesiu	_	3267 ppm
2. Antimony <sup>1</sup>	Sb	184 ppm	20. Manganes		5159 ppm
3. Arsenic <sup>1</sup>	As	101.0 ppm	21. Mercury <sup>3</sup>		
4. Barium <sup>1</sup>	Ba	47 ppm	22. Nickel <sup>1</sup>	Ni	56060 ppm
5. Beryllium <sup>1</sup>	Be	< 0.03 ppm	23. Selenium <sup>1</sup>	Se <u>&lt;</u>	
6. Bismuth <sup>1</sup>	Bi	28 ppm	24. Silver <sup>1</sup>	Ag	6 ppm
7. Cadmium <sup>1</sup>	Cd	32.0 ppm	25. Thallium <sup>4</sup>	TI <u>&lt;</u>	12.7 ppm
8. Calcium <sup>1</sup>	Ca	8038 ppm	26. Tin <sup>1</sup>	Sn	103 ppm
9. Chloride <sup>7</sup>	Cl <sup>-</sup>	0 %	27. Zinc <sup>1</sup>	<b>Z</b> n	1270 ppm
10. Chromium, He		3155.0 ppm			
11. Chromium, Tot	tal <sup>1</sup> Cr	41840 ppm	* Applytical Dragodura I	Deferences:	
12. Cobalt <sup>1</sup>	Co	626 ppm	* Analytical Procedure References:  1 EPA Method SW846 3050 / 6010 (Digestion / Analysis)		
13. Copper 1 Cu 45290 ppm 2 EPA Method SW846 3050 / 6010 (Digestion / Analysis) 2 EPA Method SW846 3050 / 7450 or 6010 (Digestion / Analysis)					
14. Cyanide, Amenable <sup>6</sup> CN		0 ppm	3 EPA Method SW846 3050 / Hydride generation (Digestion / Analysis)		
15. Cyanide, Total <sup>6</sup> CN		0 ppm	FPA Method SW846 3050 / 7840 or 6010 (Digestion / Analysis) FPA Method SW846 1311 or 3060 / 7196 (Extraction / Analysis)		
16. Fluoride <sup>7</sup>	F .	0.11 %	6 EPA Method SW846 9010 (Distillation / Analysis)		
17. Iron <sup>1</sup>	Fe	257500 ppm	7 HNO3 or H2O2 / EPA Meth	nod SW846 9056 (Digestion	/ Analysis)
18. Lead <sup>1</sup>	Pb	15 ppm			
D. Certification:					
I hereby certify that all information submitted in this profile is complete and accurate to the best of my knowledge and belief.					
Signed:	ann / J. K	elling	Date:	12/30/1999	
Title://Laboratory Manager					
Copyright © 1989 World Resources Company revised 04/08/98					



## WORLD RESOURCES COMPANY

8113 West Sherman Street Phoenix, AZ 85043-3000 Fax: 623.936.9164

Tel: 602.233.9166

December 30, 1999

Mr. Gerald Thompson Environmental Assistant Alaskan Copper Works P. O. Box 3546 Seattle, WA 98124-3546

Dear Mr. Thompson:

Enclosed for your records is a completed "RECYCLABLE MATERIAL PROFILE" (profile sheet) for the material generated at your facility. In accordance with the recycling Agreement with your company, World Resources Company (WRC) provides a completed profile sheet each contract year.

The concentration of metals reported on the profile sheet is the total concentration of each metal on a dry basis. The recyclable material is prepared for analysis by first grid-sampling and then drying the selected sample in the laboratory oven at 103°-105° centigrade in order to obtain a homogeneous dry sample (Standard Methods For The Examination of Water and Wastewater, 15th Edition, published by the American Public Health Association 1980, Method 209A "Total Residue at 103°-105° centigrade"). Therefore, these results are generally higher than the concentrations of your material as it leaves your facility. You should multiply these dry concentrations by the decimal form of your percent solids (i.e. 50.0% = 0.50) to obtain the concentration of your material as it leaves your plant.

WRC appreciates your business and looks forward to a long and mutually beneficial recycling relationship. Please feel free to call me with any questions you may have regarding the enclosed profile sheet. Thank you for your interest in recycling.

Sincerely,

World Resources Company

John M. Richmond

Laboratory Manager